14-302 Sellers v. Royal Bank of Canada N.Y.S.D. Case # 12-cv-1577(KBF)

## UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

## **SUMMARY ORDER**

RULINGS BY SUMMARY ORDER DO NOT HAVE PRECEDENTIAL EFFECT. CITATION TO A SUMMARY ORDER FILED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2007, IS PERMITTED AND IS GOVERNED BY FEDERAL RULE OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE 32.1 AND THIS COURT'S LOCAL RULE 32.1.1. WHEN CITING A SUMMARY ORDER IN A DOCUMENT FILED WITH THIS COURT, A PARTY MUST CITE EITHER THE FEDERAL APPENDIX OR AN ELECTRONIC DATABASE (WITH THE NOTATION "SUMMARY ORDER"). A PARTY CITING TO A SUMMARY ORDER MUST SERVE A COPY OF IT ON ANY PARTY NOT REPRESENTED BY COUNSEL.

At a stated term of the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, held at the Thurgood Marshall United States Courthouse, 40 Foley Square, in the City of New York, on the  $6^{th}$  day of February, two thousand fifteen.

PRESENT:  Dennis Jacobs, Richard C. Wesley, Susan L. Carney, Circuit Judges.	USDC SDNY DOCUMENT ELECTRONICALLY FILED DOC #:
David Sellers,	DATE FILED: March 04, 201
Plaintiff-Appella	nt,
v.	14-302
Royal Bank of Canada, et al.,	
Defendants-Appe	llees.
FOR PLAINTIFF-APPELLANT:	DAVID SELLERS, pro se, Hopewell, NJ.
FOR DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES:	James P. Walsh, Jr., Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP, Princeton, NJ.
Appeal from a judgment of the U	United States District Court for the Southern District of
New York (Forrest, J.).	

UPON DUE CONSIDERATION, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND

**DECREED** that the judgment of the district court is **AFFIRMED**.

Appellant David Sellers, *pro se*, appeals the district court's grant of summary judgment in favor of The Royal Bank of Canada, et al. We assume the parties' familiarity with the underlying

facts, the procedural history of the case, and the issues on appeal.

"We review the district court's grant of summary judgment de novo, applying the same

standards that govern the district court's consideration of the motion." Summa v. Hofstra Univ.,

708 F.3d 115, 123 (2d Cir. 2013) (internal quotation omitted). "Summary judgment is

appropriate where there are no genuine disputes concerning any material facts, and where the

moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." Id. "We resolve all ambiguities and

draw all reasonable inferences in the light most favorable to the nonmoving party." *Id.* 

Here, an independent review of the record and relevant case law reveals that the district

court properly granted summary judgment. We affirm for substantially the reasons stated by the

district court in its thorough Decision and Order, dated January 8, 2014.

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We have considered all of Sellers's arguments and find them to be without merit.

Accordingly, we **AFFIRM** the judgment of the district court.

FOR THE COURT:

Catherine O'Hagan Wolfe, Clerk

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United States Court of Appeals, Second Circuit

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